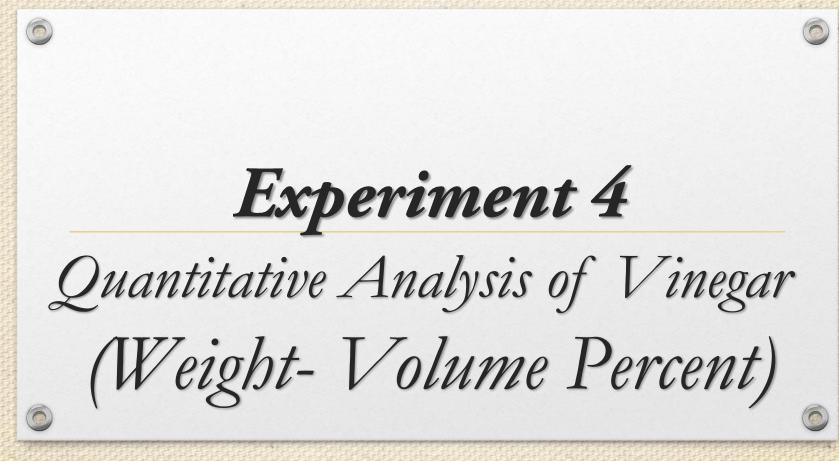
Medical Chemistry Laboratory









Most vinegar contain 4-5% (W/V) acetic acid (CH₃COOH), flavoring and colored agent may also be added. The most usual way of expressing solution strength is the weight per unit volume percent (W/V%). It refers to a solution prepared by dissolving measurement weight of the solute (gm) in a solvent to give 100 ml of the final solution.

$$Weight-Volume\ percent = \frac{Wt.solute\ (gm)}{Vol.solution\ (ml)}\ x\ 100\%$$









• The weight-Volume percent of acetic acid in vinegars is determined by titration a measured volume of vinegar to a ph.ph indicator as end point with a measured volume of a standard NaOH solution.

$$CH_3COOH + NaOH \longrightarrow CH_3COONa + H_2O$$

• At the end point the number of equivalents of NaOH equals to number of equivalents of CH3COOH.









Procedure

- 1. Pipette exactly 10ml of the sample (Vinegar) in to conical flask.
- 2. Add 2 drops of ph.ph indicator (the color of solution is colorless).
- 3. Titration versus standard NaOH until the end point occurs (the color of solution become pink).
- 4. Record the volume of vinegar from the burette.









Calculation

1. Determination concentration of Vinegar (Acid) from the following equation:

$$N_a \times V_a = N_b \times V_b$$

2. Calculate the number of grams by using equation:

No. of grams
$$\left(\frac{gm}{L}\right) = N_a x (GEW)_a$$

- \clubsuit Where GEW is equivalent weight of CH₃COOH = 60 gm/eq
- 3. Calculate the percent of CH₃COOH in vinegar:

$$%CH_3COOH in vinegar = No. of grams x \frac{100}{1000}$$



